

GENERAL NEWS.

The Fearful Cholera Still Spreading.

More in Reference to France and China.

Another Long List of Casualties.

Chandler vs. Hendricks—Two Letters.

Cholera.

Paris, 13.—The sanitary state of Paris is good. There are some cholera cases in the city, but none of an epidemic nature. The minister of commerce has written a letter to the Academy of Medicine, which will hold a meeting on Tuesday, asking the Academy to give an authoritative opinion in regard to the treatment of cholera cases, and the best measures to prevent the extension of the disease.

During the twenty-four hours ending at 9 o'clock to-night, there were 17 seven deaths from cholera at Marseilles, and thirty six at Foulon. Two sisters of charity were among the deaths at Foulon. The municipality at Marseilles is providing free kitchens for the relief of sufferers from the plague. Dr. Kosh, German, arrived at Lyons to-day. He thinks the cholera will reach there but will appear in a milder form, owing to the excellent drainage of the city.

Alexandria, 13.—Three cases of cholera to-day, one fatal.

Toulon, 14.—The mayor was attacked by cholera. The illumination in honor of the National fête has been prohibited. No deaths since 10 this morning.

Marseilles, 14.—Thirty-two deaths last night and four to-day.

Toulon, 14.—Eleven deaths last night. The heat is intense; the streets are deserted; all cholera cases are removed from the hospitals to the suburbs.

France and China.

Paris, 13.—Figaro says: Patrice, French minister to China, has gravely the Chinese ministry of foreign affairs a delay of two days, but if it then fails to give assent to the terms submitted by France, Admiral Courbet's squadron will bombard the forts at Shanghai, and Admiral Lemaire will disembark his forces at Foo Chow and seize the arsenal there. Two ironclads left Brest to reinforce Admiral Courbet.

Paris, 14.—The Chinese ambassador continues to negotiate with Prime Minister Ferry upon the basis of the immediate surrender of Langson. Ferry, however, insists upon the payment of an indemnity, but offers to reduce the amount hereafter demanded. The Ironclad Zengze and the cruiser La Perouse and Nielly will leave Livorno for China on August 15th.

The Democratic Committees.

Washington, 14.—It is stated that William Dickson, who was made a member of the national Democratic committee, will be elected secretary when the committee organizes in New York. Senator Gorman, who is chairman of the Congressional committee, is spoken of in connection with the chairmanship of the committee. These two committees have been working at cross purposes heretofore, and it is now proposed to unite them, and while preserving the two organizations make the Congressional committee a sub-committee of the national committee.

The Bastille.

New York, 14.—To-day the 95th anniversary of the capture of the Bastille, French societies celebrated in an appropriate manner. At the French consulate office the consul was surrounded. M. Lafavre, minister plenipotentiary, stated that he had received from Jules Ferry, a dispatch that Renaud, president of the French benevolent society, this city, was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor for efforts in behalf of his countrymen in the United States.

Northern Pacific.

Portland, Or., 13.—President Harris of the Northern Pacific, in an interview with an Associated Press correspondent, said negotiations were in progress between his company and the Oregon Railroad and Navigation for a lease of the latter's railway and steamboat property; that both companies were favorable to it; all details would be arranged and the formal transfer made by the end of next month.

British Politics.

London, 14.—Should the House of Lords reject the franchise bill in the fall, government will dissolve Parliament immediately, and a general election will take place before Christmas. The breach is widening between Lord Randolph Churchill and his party.

Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment

A sure cure for Little Grubs in the Skin, Rough Skin, etc. It will remove that roughness from the hands and face and make you beautiful. Price 50c. Sent by mail.

FRASIER MEDICINE CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio.

Turbulent Irish.

Belfast, 13.—During an Orange demonstration near Carrick Hill an Orangeman shot a Catholic. The police arrested the Orangeman, but he was rescued. Fighting ensued and at last accounts, although the mayor had interposed, fighting continued.

White Haven, 13.—An Orange procession was returning yesterday to Cleator, a town near here, when it was attacked by Nationalists; serious fighting followed. A telegraph boy was killed and several persons were injured; revolvers and swords were used, stones thrown and windows smashed. The police armed with swords finally dispersed the rioters.

A Duel.

Galveston, Tex., 13.—News from Antonio: To-day at Lozier station, southern part of Texas, a duel at thirty paces was fought between Lieutenant Cunningham, commander of the Seminole scouts, and a railroader, Daly. Pistols were used. Three shots were exchanged and Cunningham was wounded in the leg. When it was known in camp that Cunningham was wounded several Seminoles armed themselves and sought to assassinate Daly but were restrained by Cunningham. The duel was the result of a drinking bout.

"Good Morning."

New York, 13.—The Tammany delegation to Chicago returned to-day. "I have nothing whatever to say at present," said John Kelly. "The organization to which I belong has taken no action in regard to Cleveland, and therefore I am not at liberty to say what it will or will not do. When the committee on organization adjourned several weeks ago, it adjourned to meet again in September. It is doubtful whether anything will be done before that time. Good morning."

Labor.

Paris, 13.—The Workmen's & Traders' Association of this city tendered Waldrick Rousseau, minister of the interior, a banquet to-night. A number of senators and deputies were present. Waldrick Rousseau, in a speech, said he believed the extension of trades union was not dangerous, and it would be unjust to forbid combination of force while the law allowed combination of capital.

Felled King-killers.

Vienna, 13.—As a train which left Pola this afternoon, on which was Emperor Francis Joseph, was passing through a gorge near Podgoritz, it was discovered that the rails had been misplaced. The discovery, however, was made in time to stop the train. The criminals had evidently mistaken this train for one containing the Emperor.

Butler Will Run.

Elizabeth, N. J., 14.—B. W. Terhild, of this city, secretary of the national committee, who accompanied General Butler from Chicago to Buffalo says Butler stated distinctly to General Weaver and others that he had accepted the national and anti-monopoly nominations and would run. He will probably concentrate his work in New York.

Well, Well.

London, 14.—The Times says: The platforms concocted by the Republican and Democratic conventions are both unworthy respect. They are distinguished by the absence of clear constructions, by evasions, and by trimming, by servile rivalry in flattering the masses and pandering to unpopular prejudices of modern demagogues and social quacks.

Anti-German.

New York, 14.—A dispatch from Henry F. Gillog received to-day from Paris says: "A manifestation took place at ten o'clock this morning at the Port Continental hotel, by Alsacian societies, who tore down German flags and threw stones, smashed windows and did other damage."

Home Again.

New York, 13.—Two special trains bearing the county Democracy delegation to the Chicago convention, arrived to-night. A large crowd of friends, who had provided a brass band for the occasion, met the returning delegates who were in most exuberant spirits.

Both Dead.

Philadelphia, 13.—Lizzie May, stabbed by her father in her bedroom yesterday, died this morning. The father, who stabbed himself to death after the assault on his daughter, was buried to-day.

Unnatural Crimes.

London, 13.—Cornwall was arrested at the residence of his brother in law, Sir Robert Dalzell, near Linlithgow, Scotland, charged with felonious practices and unnatural crimes.

"This is to certify that I have examined, analyzed and tested Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts of Vanilla, Orange, Lemon, Celery, etc., and find the same strong, fine, made of good material, and therefore gladly commend them for family use."

PROF. M. DELAFONTAINE, Analytical Chemist, Chicago.

Casualties.

St. Louis, 13.—What might have been a terrible calamity, involving the lives of several hundred people, but which fortunately resulted in no casualties, occurred on the river some twenty miles below the city about 9 o'clock last night. The steamer Charles Morgan, with between 400 and 500 German excursionists on board, had gone down the river during the afternoon, and on the return trip, when in the neighborhood of Horse Shoe bend, collided with a little screw-steamer, Central City, bound for Memphis, with a cargo of flour and produce. The Morgan struck the Central City amidships, cutting her down, and she soon sank, but her crew and all on board were taken off safely. The excitement on the Morgan was great for a time, but when it was definitely known that the steamer was not injured the people became calm and several hours later landed at the wharf in the city. The captain of the Central City says he blew the whistle before the boats struck, but the pilot of the Morgan asserts that he did not hear it, and the night being dark and a heavy storm raging at the time, he did not see the little steamer till too late to avoid her, and also said the Central City was not showing proper lights.

New York, 13.—Fire in a four-story basement house at No. 2193 Second street, early this morning, caused great alarm. Several people jumped from the windows, and one woman threw her infant out of a window, but it was unhurt, as it landed in the arms of a man on the sidewalk.

Quebec, 14.—The steamship River Elric with coal from Glace Bay, went ashore yesterday on the east end of Green Island during a thick fog, but came off a short while after, struck a rock and sank immediately in three fathoms of water. The vessel will be a total wreck.

Pittsburg, 14.—This afternoon natural gas at Westinghouse well exploded from a leak seriously and probably fatally injuring the drillers, Harry Hall and William Venzelt. Both men were terribly and it is feared fatally injured internally. The derrick took fire but was extinguished before seriously damaged.

Buffalo, 14.—By the caving of a bank at the mouth of Clarion river three laborers were killed and several wounded.

St. Pierre, 14.—Ten of the crew of the fishing schooner Abbie E. Morris, arrived in Dorset. The schooner was run down and four men are missing. Albion Johnson and Edward Eken, two of the crew of the fishing boat Anne and Mary were drowned tossing in waves.

Neilson Retires.

San Francisco, 13.—W. M. Neilson, who was chief investigator of the famous case of Miss Hill against ex-Senator Sharon for divorce, has announced his withdrawal from the case, he says, because aware that certain testimony on which she based her case had been falsified. The falsification consists in changes in the "My dear wife" letters. The word "wife" had been added. The statement creates surprise. The trial will be resumed to-morrow.

A Negro Row.

Charlotte, N. C., 14.—At Holly Station, twelve miles from Charlotte, negroes had a festival on Saturday night. Eli Barringer insisted that wrong change had been given him; a dispute arose, razor drew and Barringer felt the blow, his head hanging to the trunk by a piece of skin only. Loftin Martin got a pistol bullet in the brain. Brass knuckles and sling shots did deadly work. About twelve negroes were arrested.

Money for the Boys.

Denver, 13.—Receiver Jackson, of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, received permission from the United States Circuit Court to-day to negotiate a loan of \$100,000 to pay employees back salaries.

Resigned.

Constantinople, 14.—The Grand Vizier tendered his resignation in consequence of the Egyptian conference approving the proposals of the English government. The Sultan will refuse to accept his resignation.

British Politics.

London, 14.—A meeting of Conservative peers will be held to-day to confer on Lord Wemyss' motion for the Lords to consider and pass the franchise bill. The motion will be pressed.

Business Failure.

New York, 14.—Schedules in the assignment of Pearce & Hall, hat manufacturers, failed to-day, show liabilities \$170,000; nominal assets, \$124,100; actual assets, \$81,000.

Lightning.

New York, 14.—Damage by fire at Martin, Wern & Co's furniture factory, Williamsburg, struck by lightning last night, \$300,000. The insurance does not exceed \$25,000.

The Ironclads.

Mexico, 14.—Grasshoppers are destroying sugar cane in the state of Vera Cruz and vicinity, in Cardoba particularly.

Elephant on Her Hands.

London, 13.—King John, of Abyssinia, has sent to Queen Victoria an elephant as a token of amity.

HILLEE CHANDLER.

The Secretary Tries to Turn a Point Against Hendricks.

But Has the Tables Turned on Himself.

Washington, 13.—Secretary Chandler has written the following letter to Thomas A. Hendricks with regard to frauds in the navy department referred to by the latter in his speech at Indianapolis on Saturday night:

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13, '84.
Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks,
Indianapolis, Ind.

Sir—The candidate for vice-President should speak with decent fairness. In your speech at Indianapolis last Saturday night, you made statements from which you meant that the public should believe that it appeared by my testimony that frauds in the bureau of marine surgery in this department amounted during the last year to \$60,000; that I was informed of some of the outrageous year ago; that after I was informed of the frauds I disbelieved them, became a member of Congress had recommended the continuance of the chief of the bureau and that I took no adequate action concerning them, whereupon you demanded the election of a President who would appoint chiefs of bureau who would investigate the condition of the books and bring all guilty parties to trial. To the contrary of all this I testified that suspected vouchers commenced as far back as June 21st, 1880, although a small voucher was paid as late as January 21st, 1884, that while an anonymous letter of about a year ago charged drunkenness upon Chief Clerk Daniel Carrigan, which the chief of the bureau Dr. Phillip S. Wales reported to me, was not true, I had no information leading to the frauds until December or January last, that I determined simultaneously with the beginning of the investigation to have a new chief of the bureau in place of Dr. Wales, whose term was to expire on January 26th, and also a new chief clerk; that great opposition was made to the change by members of Congress, but I persisted and Dr. Wales went out on that date, and Carrigan was put out on February 1st, and that investigation of the frauds and arrests of the guilty parties have since proceeded with due diligence. It is true that I stated the recommendations for the reappointment of Dr. Wales, who I found in office when I went in, April 17th, 1883, were of such a character as to fully justify me in believing that the affairs of his bureau had been well administered.

Secretary Chandler here gives the names of a large number of Senators and Representatives who recommended the reappointment of Wales, and continues: Senator McPherson and Speaker Carlisle and others of the most prominent of these gentlemen who demanded Dr. Wales' reappointment, were with you at the convention in Chicago, and could have informed you that he had borne a good reputation, that the law required that the chief of the bureau should be a naval surgeon and placed the medical expenditures in his hands; that his was in no sense a political office, but that if he had any politics he was a Democrat and that any attempt to make political capital out of the frauds for which this naval surgeon, who is their intimate friend, is solely responsible, would be disingenuous and unfair; that they did not succeed in keeping Dr. Wales and Chief Clerk Carrigan in office is very fortunate. Very respectfully, (Signed), W. E. CHANDLER.

Indianapolis, Ind., 13.—Ex-Governor Hendricks has written the following in response to the letter of Secretary Chandler, published in Associated Press papers this morning:

INDIANAPOLIS, July 14, 1884.

To Hon. W. E. Chandler:

Sir—I find in a newspaper this morning a letter to me from yourself, written yesterday and circulated through the Associated Press. You complain that I did you injustice in my address to the people of this city, made the evening before. In that address I urged: "We need to have the books in government offices opened for examination," and as an illustration, I cited the case of fraudulent vouchers in one of the bureaus of your department, and that upon your testimony before a sub-committee of the House it appeared that the funds amounted to \$600,000, and is not every word of that true. You were brought before the committee, and testified as I stated. You admitted under oath the sum of money lost amounted to \$63,000, but your defense is that the embezzlement did not wholly occur under your administration, but part of it was under your predecessor. It seems to have covered the period from June 21st, 1880, down to January 25th, 1884. Does that help your case? You were at the head of the department a year and nine months of that period; your predecessor about a year and ten months. He was in office at the payment of the first false voucher, June 21st, 1880, and up to April 17th, 1883, when you came in and you continued thence until the last false voucher was paid, January 25th, 1884. The period was almost equally divided between yourself and your predecessor. How much of the \$63,000 was paid out under yourself and how much under your predecessor, your letter does not show. But sir, upon the question that I was discussing, does it make any difference who was the secretary when the false vouchers were paid?

I urge that cases like this, when frauds are concealed in the vaults or on the books of a department, the only remedy to the people is by change of control, so that the books and vouchers shall come under the examination of new and disinterested men. Do you think I am answered, when you say I was mistaken in supposing that in this case the frauds were all under your administration, when in fact part of them extended back into the office of your predecessors? Why, sir, that makes your case worse for the bureau of medicine and surgery defalcation is large, but a more serious fact is that it could and did extend through two administrations of the department, a period of nearly four years, without detection, but it became more serious, so far as you are individually concerned, when the fact is considered that you had no time and yet took no sufficient action. The information upon which I spoke was from Washington on the 10th of last month, by the Associated Press, the same that brings me your letter. The Associated Press obtained its information either in your department or from the investigation committee. If you were incorrectly reported, that was the time for complaint and correction. You testified that the total of the suspicious vouchers discovered so far was about \$33,000 and that the money fraudulently obtained was in some instance divided between the watchman in the department, Carrigan, chief clerk, and Kirkwood, in charge of the accounts. Now, what notice did you? According to the Associated Press report of your testimony you received a letter last year charging Carrigan, one of the parties, with drunkenness, and after that a man came to you and told you that Kirkwood and Carrigan were engaged in frauds. Did not that put you upon notice and investigation? You testified that some inquiry was made and that the conclusion was that while there were some suspicious circumstances they did not warrant the conclusion of guilt. After notice, verbal and in writing, you let the men in office; you did not bring the frauds to light, nor the guilty parties to punishment. It was Government Detective Wood who discovered the frauds, and the Associated Press report says Wood declared he would have no further dealings with your department, but would press an investigation before Congress. What is your next excuse? Worse, if possible, than all before. You say a large number of Congressmen, including some gentlemen of great influence and position, recommended that the head of the bureau, Dr. Wales, should be reappointed. Members of Congress knew nothing of the frauds, they had no opportunity to know. It was within your reach and duty. They were probably his personal friends; you were his official superior, but in fact did you reappoint him? I understand not. Perhaps the detective discovered the frauds too soon, but Dr. Wales was not one of the three guilty parties. He neither forged vouchers nor embezzled money. His responsibility was just the same as your own. He was the official superior of three rogues, as you were of himself as well as them. Neither he nor yourself exposed the frauds or punished the parties.

I have not thought of or considered this as a case of politics. Addressing my neighbors I said that this and like cases admonish them to demand civil service reform in the removal of all from an office who will not see to promote it within the sphere of their official duty and authority. Respectfully,
T. A. HENDRICKS.

Irish Americans.

New York, 14.—A meeting of the international committee of the Irish-American league, and other prominent citizens was held in the U. S. hotel, Long Branch, to-day, for the purpose of organizing for the coming campaign. A. L. Morrison, of New Mexico, presided. A large number of telegrams and letters from different parts of the country making reports of Blaine and Logan movements were read. It was resolved to hold a convention of Irish-American Republicans at Cincinnati, Ohio. A committee was appointed to prepare an address and plan of campaign.

Capital Chips.

Washington, 14.—The board appointed to represent government at the New Orleans exposition will also take charge of the government exhibit at the Louisville and Cincinnati expositions.

Not more \$1 notes can be supplied until about the 1st of August. The order which was in preparation could not be given until after the appropriation bill was passed, and the failure of the supply is due to the delay of Congress.

Musty and Blue-Eyed.

New York, 14.—Sixteen thousand bunches of No. 2 corn in boats was found out of condition and posted on change. The corn is musty and blue-eyed.

Mrs. Dr. Walton's Periodical Tea.

Mother Walton has prescribed this valuable medicine for a great many years in her private practice. It was proved an unfailing specific in the treatment of the many disorders to which the female constitution is subject. It is a cure for the monthly troubles that so many women suffer. Mailed on receipt of price, 50c.

FRASIER MEDICINE CO., Prop's, Cleveland, Ohio.

SARATOGA HIGH ROCK SPRING WATER for sale by all druggists. 2

Preparing for Cholera.

New York, 14.—The coroner states that Charles Mitchell, seaman, died of violent cholera morbus, not from an attack of Asiatic cholera. The work of disinfecting the thickly populated tenement districts of the city begins to-day.

Washington, 14.—Secretary Finckhshaymen, to-day, instructed by cable, consular officers at London, Liverpool, Marseilles, Havre, Bordeaux, Bremen and Hambro, to appoint competent physicians to inspect all vessels and passengers departing for the United States, from all ports mentioned. The consular officers referred to are instructed to refuse clean bills of health in all cases except upon recommendation of the sanitary inspector that such bills be given. Consular officers are instructed to report by cable any case of infectious or contagious disease known to exist on board any vessel at the time of her departure for the United States. This course is adopted in order that health officers in our ports may have time and opportunity of the approaching danger, and be prepared to take such measures as shall prevent the source of infection from entering the country. It is probable that under this authority conferred by the consular and disease clause of the legislative act, medical examiners will be appointed at French ports infected with cholera, whose duty it will be to report periodically upon the progress of the disease.

Poisoners Lynched.

New Orleans, 14.—Percy's Starkville, Miss., special: In October 1883 B. J. Parish's two boys, aged 12 and 14 years, died suddenly; it now turns out they were poisoned by a negro man named Newton Carpenter, living with Parish, by poisoning water which the boys drank. Newton confessed the matter to a negro woman who a few days ago told Parish. Carpenter was arrested and said he got the poison from a negro doctor, at Red Bank, who was also arrested. A negro of a dozen men had them in charge en route for jail when about seven miles from here the prisoners were seized by a mob of disguised men, and hanged. Carpenter stated it was his intention at the time to poison the whole family.

To The Death.

Dallas, Tex., 12.—W. H. Beal and Bowie, in a room on the third story of the National fought a duel to death to-night with pistols. Shots being heard the room was broken into and both were lying dead. The pistol of each was lying by his side. Both were shot through the head and heart, shortly prior to death they were devoted friends. A few moments before the tragedy they had a quarrel. "One was heard to say 'damn you, Pitt kill you,' and soon after retired to his room, when shots were heard, and announced that both were dead. The tragedy creates great excitement, hundred of people surrounding the hotel. The cause is unknown at this hour.

Hunting Crookedness.

New York, 14.—A private examination of members of the firm of Fisk & Hatch, bankers, was held to-day at their office in regard to the recent failure of the Newark Savings Institution. Daniel Dodd, president of the bank, deposited at \$2,600,000 United States bonds with the firm, which belonged to the bank and to security had been given. The testimony taken to-day was in regard to the nature of the transactions between President Dodd and the firm of Fisk & Hatch. It was not made public.

Horrible Death.

Johnstown, Pa., 14.—This morning while Zachariah Taylor, aged 18, was putting a rod in reel at Cambridge Iron works, a red hot rod, by some means, was thrown over his head and drawn tightly around his neck, almost decapitating him, and literally roasting his neck and shoulders. Thomas O'Neil, another workman, sprang to his assistance, and with bare hands untwisted the rod. Taylor will die, and O'Neil is badly burned.

Costly Fire.

San Francisco, 14.—The small town of Mission, San Jose, was almost totally destroyed by fire last night. Loss, \$50,000; insurance small. When the water was exhausted claret was used to extinguish the flames, so as to prevent the destruction of the Mission church.

CUCKLE'S AMERICA SALVE

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancer, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetters, Scalded Heads, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. T. Drug Store.

Boston, 14.—The central trades and labor unions elected President C. H. Harrington delegate to the convention of federate trades at Chicago, October 17th.

PROKERS—DIETMANN & CO., D. Office in No. 361, Union Block, Main street, opposite the Overland House, First floor, room No. 2. Loans made on Jewelry, Diamonds and Watches, etc. Railroad tickets bought and sold. Unredeemed pledges sold at very low rates. Business strictly confidential.